

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 13-Oct-2009 Revision Date 02-Feb-2024 Revision Number 6

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Ethyl acetate</u>

Cat No. : 22912

Synonyms Acetic acid ethyl ester

 Index No
 607-022-00-5

 CAS No
 141-78-6

 EC No
 205-500-4

 Molecular Formula
 C4 H8 O2

REACH registration number -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

ALFAA22912

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

| Component | CAS No | EC No | Weight % | CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |
|---------------|----------|-------------------|----------|---|
| Ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | EEC No. 205-500-4 | <=100 | Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066 |

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15 min | TWA: 734 mg/m ³ (8h) | TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr. |
| • | STEL: 400 ppm 15 min | TWA: 200 ppm (8h) | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr. |
| | TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr | STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ (15min) | STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15 min |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr | STEL: 400 ppm (15min) | STEL: 400 ppm 15 min |

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

| Component | Acute effects local (Dermal) | Acute effects systemic (Dermal) | Chronic effects local (Dermal) | Chronic effects systemic (Dermal) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100) | | | | DNEL = 63mg/kg bw/dav |

| Component | Acute effects local | Acute effects | Chronic effects local | Chronic effects |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | (Inhalation) | systemic (Inhalation) | (Inhalation) | systemic (Inhalation) |
| Ethyl acetate | DNEL = 1468 mg/m ³ | DNEL = 1468 mg/m ³ | DNEL = 734 mg/m^3 | DNEL = 734 mg/m ³ |
| 141-78-6 (<=100) | 400 ppm | 400 ppm | 200 ppm | _ |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

| Ī | Component | Fresh water | Fresh water | Water Intermittent | Microorganisms in | Soil (Agriculture) |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | sediment | | sewage treatment | |
| ſ | Ethyl acetate | PNEC = 0.24mg/L | PNEC = 1.15mg/kg | PNEC = 1.65mg/L | PNEC = 650mg/L | PNEC = |
| | 141-78-6 (<=100) | - | sediment dw | | - | 0.148mg/kg soil dw |

| Component | Marine water | Marine water sediment | Marine water intermittent | Food chain | Air |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----|
| Ethyl acetate | PNEC = 0.024mg/L | PNEC = | | PNEC = 0.2g/kg | |
| 141-78-6 (<=100) | | 0.115mg/kg | | food | |
| | | sediment dw | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Γ | Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| ı | Butyl rubber | > 120 minutes | 0.5 - 0.7 mm | EN 374 Level 4 | Permeation rate 8 µg/cm2/min |
| | Nitrile rubber | < 200 minutes | | | As tested under EN374-3 Determination of |
| | | | | | Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals |
| | PVA | > 360 minutes | 0.3 mm | | , i |
| | Nitrile rubber | < 30 minutes | 0.38 mm | | |

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor sweet
Odor Threshold 50 ppm

Melting Point/Range -83.5 °C / -118.3 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 75 - 78 °C / 167 - 172.4 °F

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2 Vol%

Upper 12 Vol%

Flash Point -4 °C / 24.8 °F Method - CC (closed cup)

Autoignition Temperature 427 °C / 800.6 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

pH No information available

 Viscosity
 0.45 cP @ 20 °C
 Dynamic

 Water Solubility
 80 g/l
 20 °C

Solubility in other solvents Miscible Alcohol acetone

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Ethyl acetate 0.73

Vapor Pressure 103 mbar @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity0.902@ 20 °CBulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density3.04(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C4 H8 O2 Molecular Weight 88.11

Explosive Properties Not explosive Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

constituent elements)

Evaporation Rate 6.2 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Surface tension 24 mN/m @ 20°C

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines. Peroxides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|---------------|----------------------|---|--------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | 10,200 mg/kg (Rat) | > 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) > 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 58 mg/l (rat; 8 h) |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test method OECD 404
Test species rabbit

Observational endpoint No skin irritation

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit eye
Observation end point Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | OECD Test Guideline 406 | guinea pig | non-sensitising |
| 141-78-6 (<=100) | | | _ |

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| | Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| ſ | Ethyl acetate | OECD Test Guideline 471 | in vitro | negative |
| | 141-78-6 (<=100) | AMES test | Bacteria | |
| | | OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay | in vitro Mammalian | negative |
| | | OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation | in vitro Mammalian | negative |
| | | OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse micronucleus assay | in vivo Mammalian | negative |

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Component | Test method | Test species / Duration | Study result |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | OECD Test Guideline 416 | Oral | NOAEL = |
| 141-78-6 (<=100) | | mouse | 26400 |
| | | 2 Generation | mg/kg bw/day |
| | | | |
| | OECD Test Guideline 414 | Inhalation | NOAEC = |
| | | Rat | 73300 mg/m ³ |

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test methodEPA OTS 795.2600EPA OTS 798.2450Test species / DurationRat / 90 daysRat / 90 days

Study result NOAEL = 900 mg/kg bw/day NOEC = 1.28 mg/l LOAEL = 3600 mg/kg

Route of exposure Oral Inhalation

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and May cause central nervous system depression. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may delayed cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | Fathead minnow: LC50: 230 | EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h | EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h |
| | mg/l/ 96h | | |
| | Gold orfe: LC50: 270 mg/L/48h | | |

| Component | Microtox | M-Factor |
|---------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Ethyl acetate | EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min | |
| · | EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min | |
| | EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min | |
| | EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

| | . Croice and an analy, and an | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Component | | Degradability | | |
| Ethyl acetate | | 79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D) | | |
| | 141-78-6 (<=100) | | | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Componentlog PowBioconcentration factor (BCF)Ethyl acetate0.7330 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

Surface tension 24 mN/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Contaminated Packaging

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Component

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

| Ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | 205-500-4 | - | ı | X | X | KE-00047 | X | X |
|---------------|----------|-----------|-----|--------------------------------|-----|------|----------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Component | CAS No | TSCA | | ventory ation - Inactive | DSL | NDSL | AICS | NZIoC | PICCS |
| Ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | X | ACT | IVE | Х | ı | X | X | X |

CAS No EINECS ELINCS NLP IECSC TCSI

ISHL

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

| Component | CAS No | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization | REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances | REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) |
|---------------|----------|---|--|---|
| Ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | - | Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) | - |

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

| Component | CAS No | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - | Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - |
|---------------|----------|--|---|
| 1 | | Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident | Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report |
| | | Notification | Requirements |
| Ethyl acetate | 141-78-6 | Not applicable | Not applicable |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

work .

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ethyl acetate | WGK1 | |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|---------------|--|
| Ethyl acetate | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84 |

| Component | Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81) | Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC) | Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100) | | Group I | |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative. Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

Dangerous Goods Code MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 13-Oct-2009 **Revision Date** 02-Feb-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet